

I-Street: Data Analytics

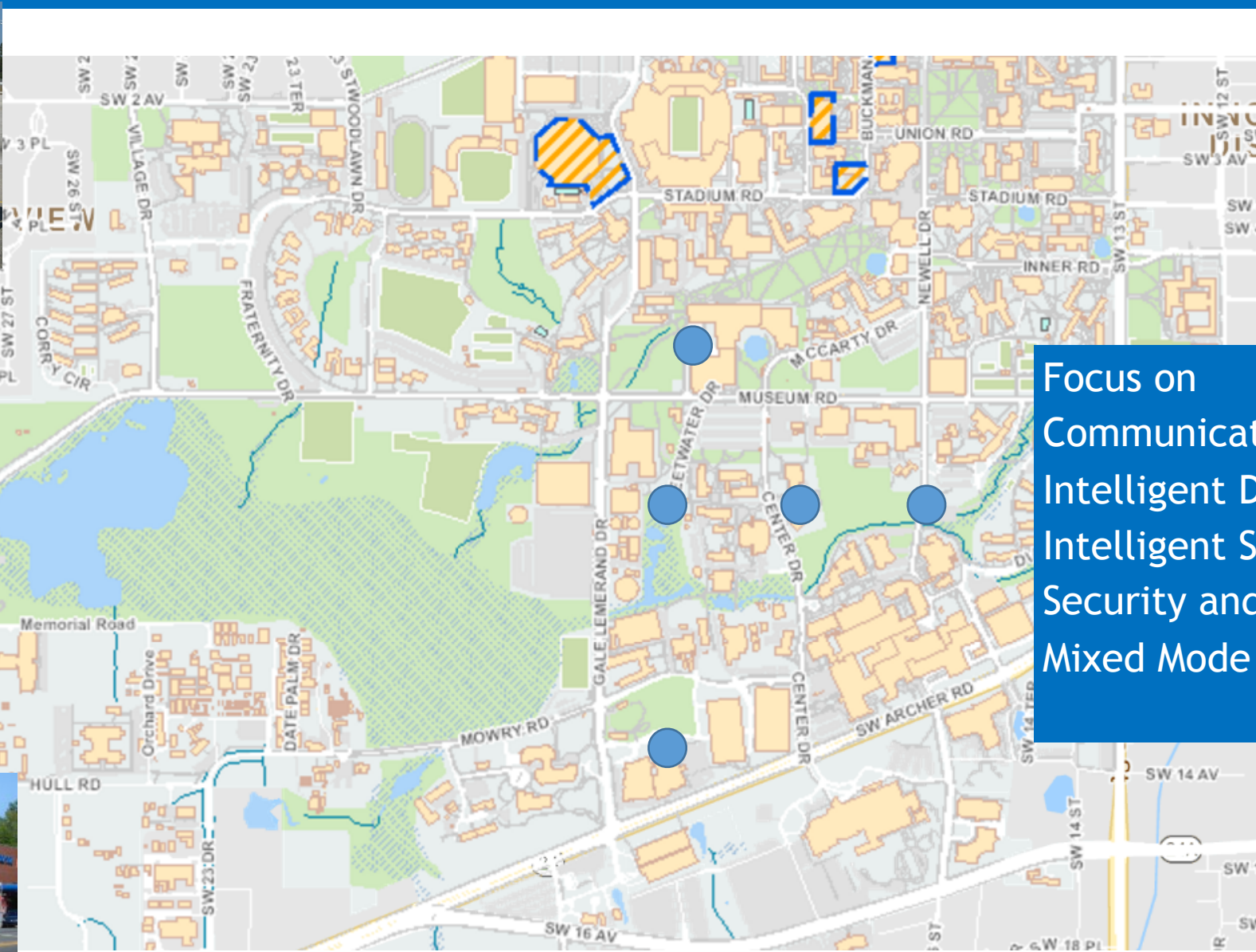
Sanjay Ranka

University of Florida

(and Nithin Agarwal, Pankaj Chand, Lily Elefteriadou, Patrick Emami, Maria Martin Gasulla, Pan He, Xiaohui Huang, Clark Letter, Dhruv Mahajan, Tania Mishra, Mahmoud Pourmehrab, Anand Rangarajan, Rahul Sengupta, Siva Srinivasan)

Research Supported by FDOT and NSF

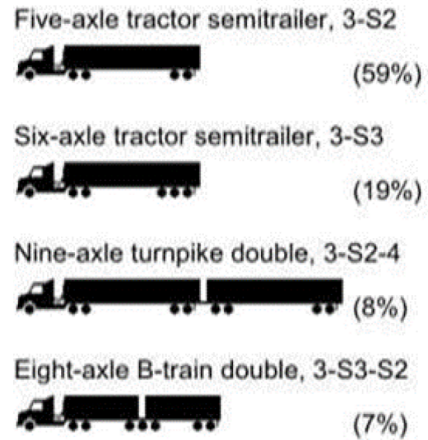
I-Street: UF Smart Campus



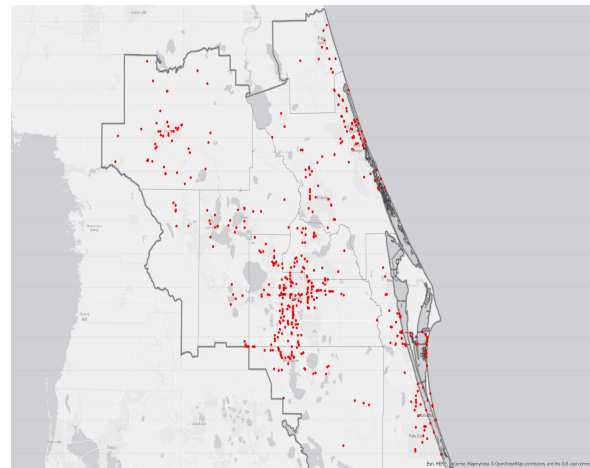
Focus on
Communication (DSRC)
Intelligent Data Analytics
Intelligent Signal Control
Security and Privacy
Mixed Mode Traffic



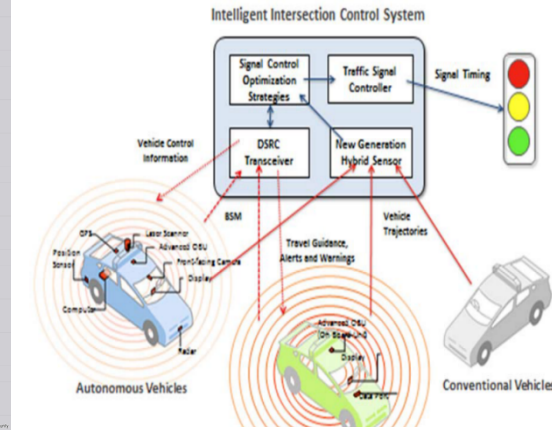
Data Analytics for Transportation Applications



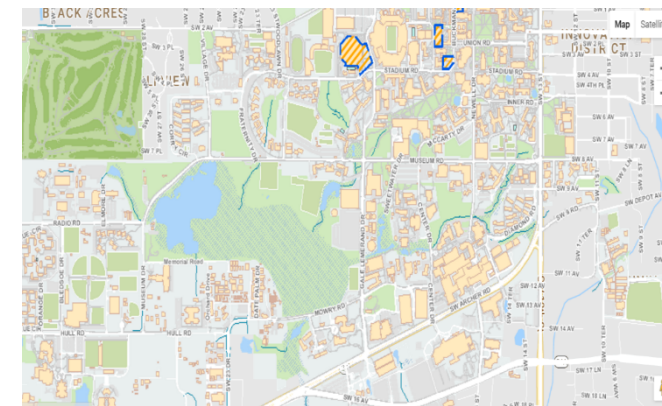
Truck Classification



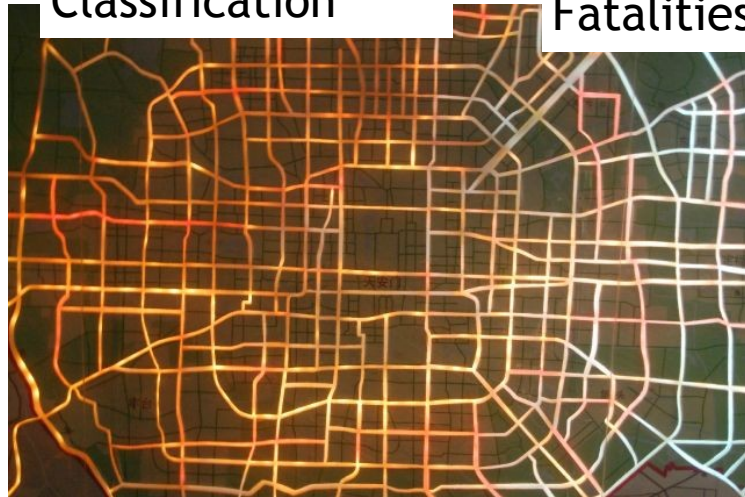
Mining Pedestrian Fatalities



Optimizing for a Single Intersection

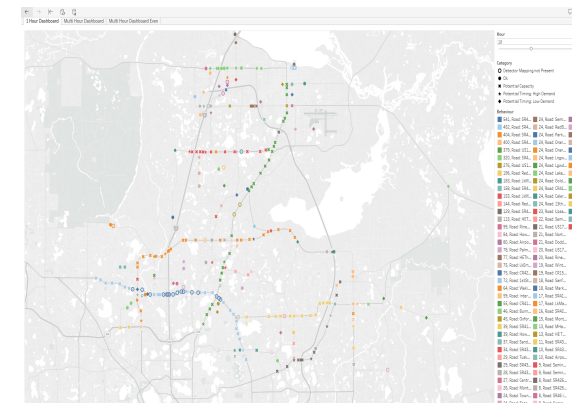


Instrumenting I-Street Testbed



Incident Detection and Optimizing for a Transportation Grid

Multidisciplinary Collaborations between Computer Science and Transportation Engineers



Classifying and Clustering Signals



ATSPM Data

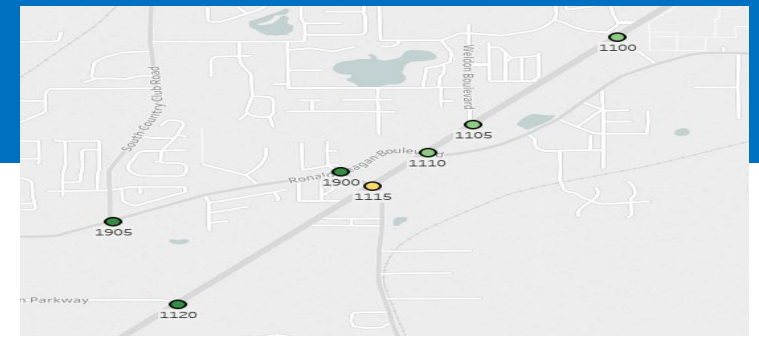
- High resolution (Deci-second) data for 329 Signalized Intersections from Seminole County, D5, Florida

- 3 key sets of files:
 - Raw Data Files
 - Data Logging Requirements File
 - ATSPM Additional Tables

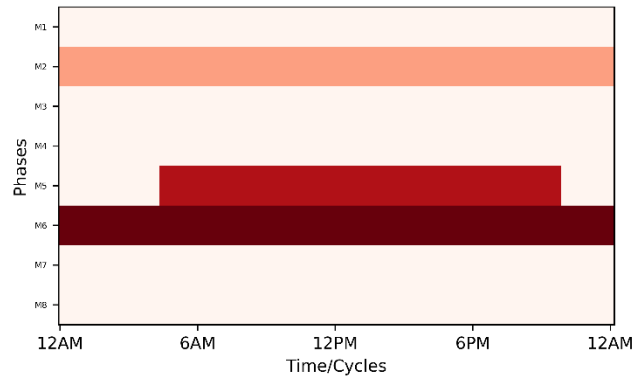
	A	B	C	D
1	SignalID	Timestamp	EventCode	EventParam
2	1085	2017-01-05 00:00:00	136	0
3	1085	2017-01-05 00:00:00	140	0
4	1085	2017-01-05 00:00:00	142	0
5	1085	2017-01-05 00:00:00	143	0
6	1085	2017-01-05 00:00:00	144	0
7	1085	2017-01-05 00:00:00	145	0

- Raw Data Files
 - 22 comma-separated value files, between 10-17 GB each, contains the data recorded at 10 Hz frequency. Each file contains about a week of raw data.
 - Has 4 columns: SignalID, Time of recording, EventCode: What event at the signal was captured & EventParam: What was the value of the event or attribute at that timestamp

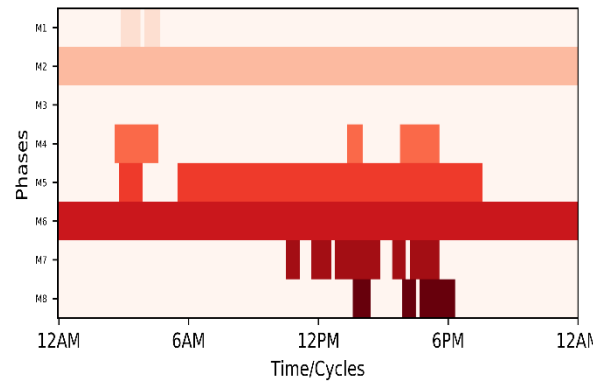
Signal ID 1115 (Potentially Bad Detector, 1/5/16 to 8/5/16)



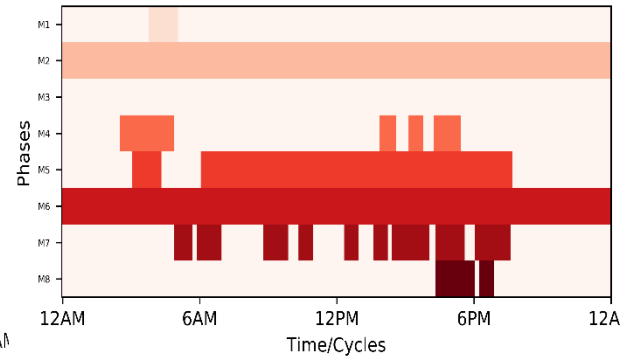
Sunday



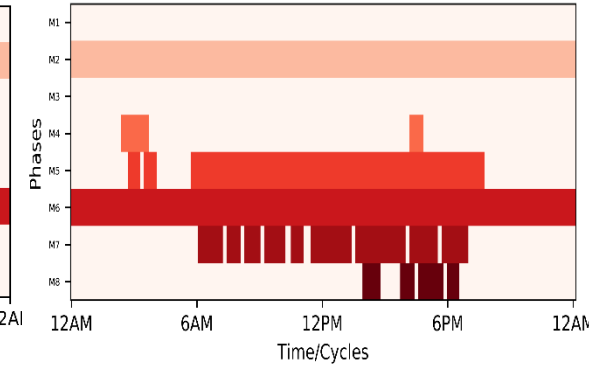
Monday



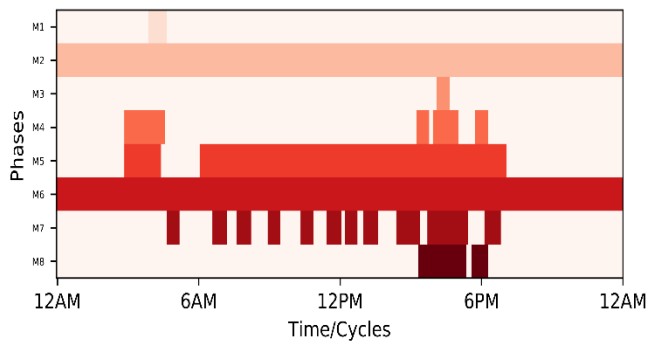
Tuesday



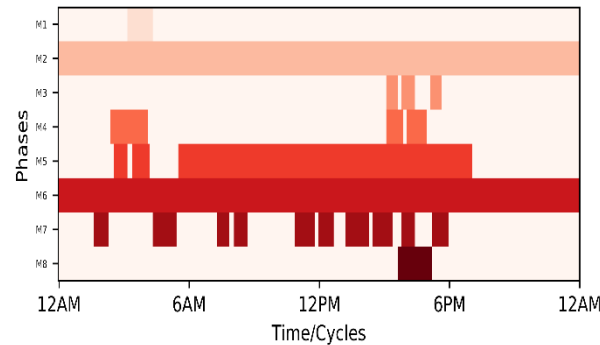
Wednesday



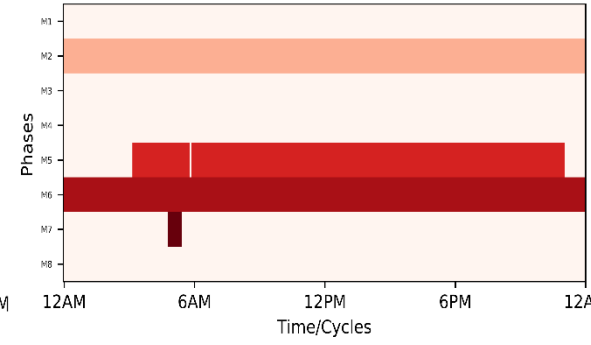
Thursday



Friday

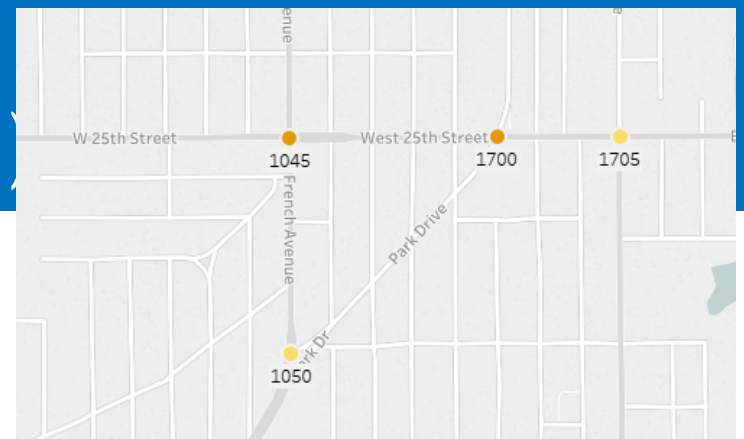


Saturday

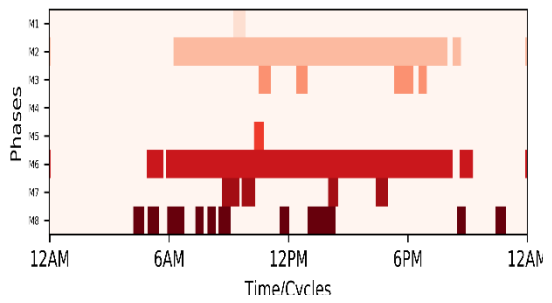


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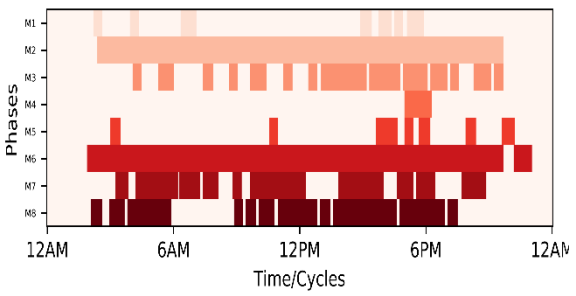
Signal ID 1045 (Potential Overcapacity, 1/5/16 to 8/5/16)



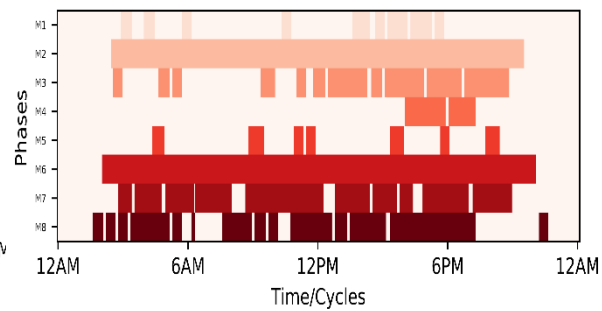
Sunday



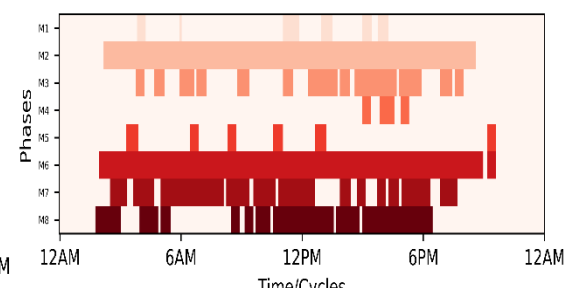
Monday



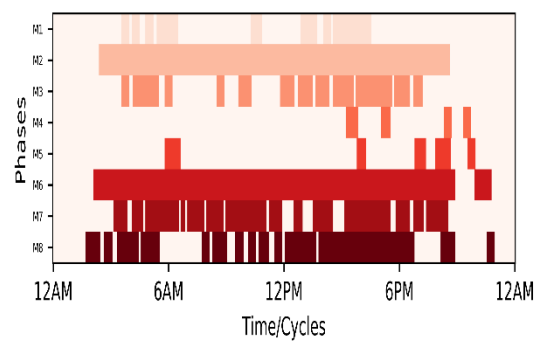
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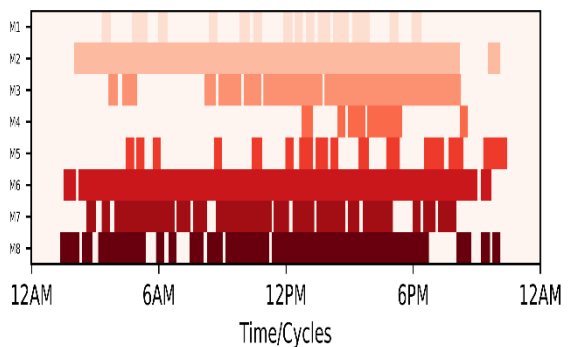
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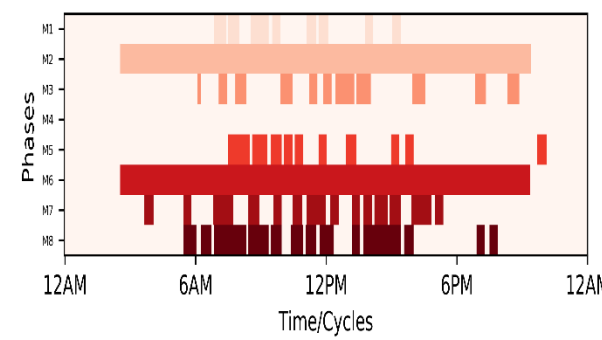
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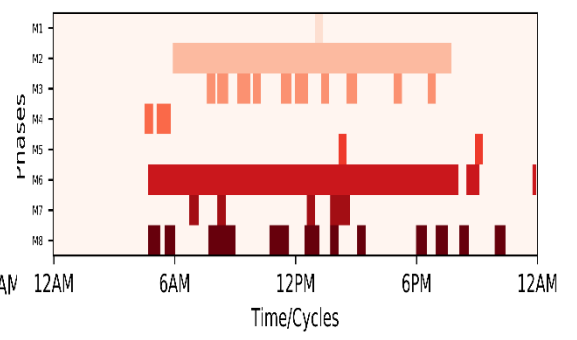
Friday



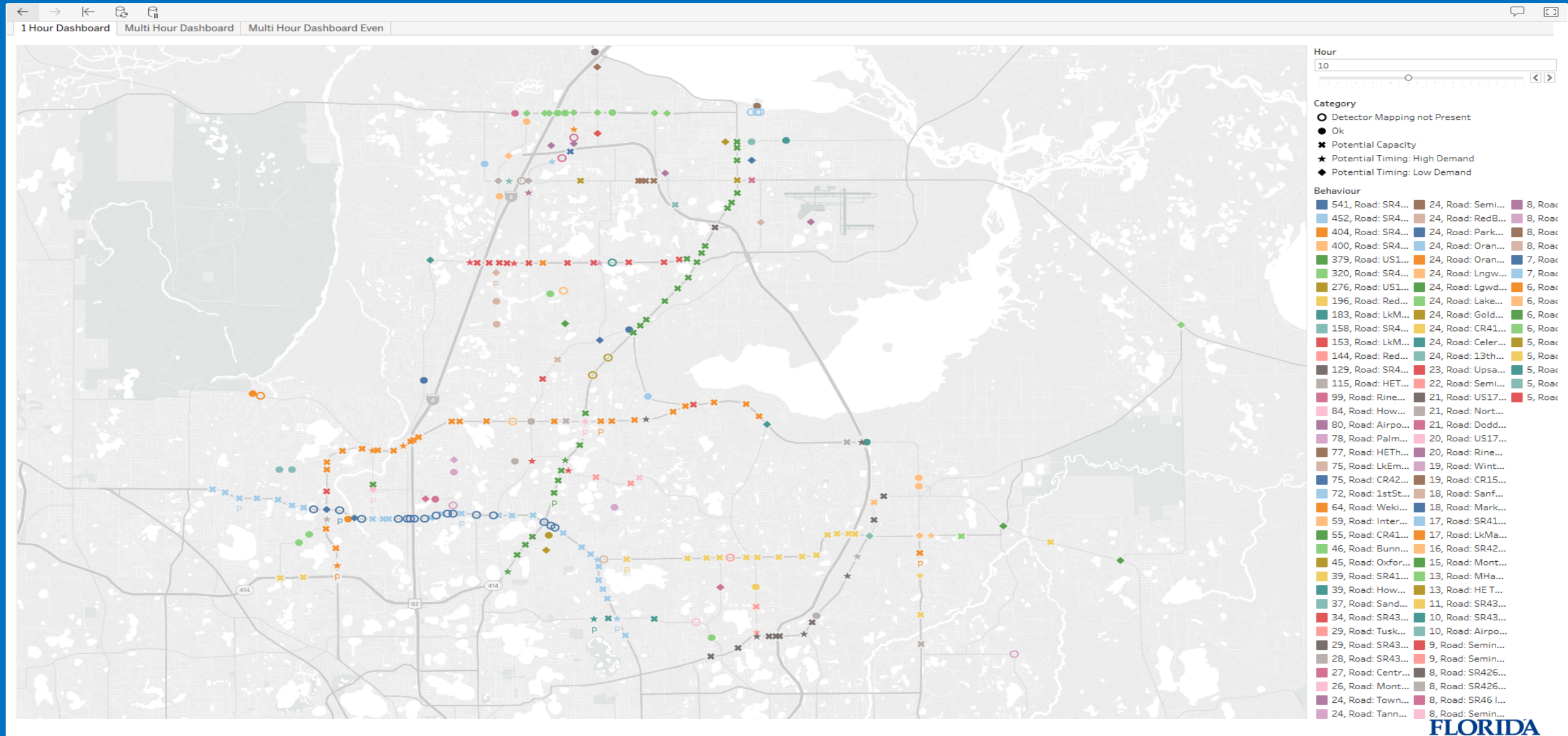
Saturday



Sunday

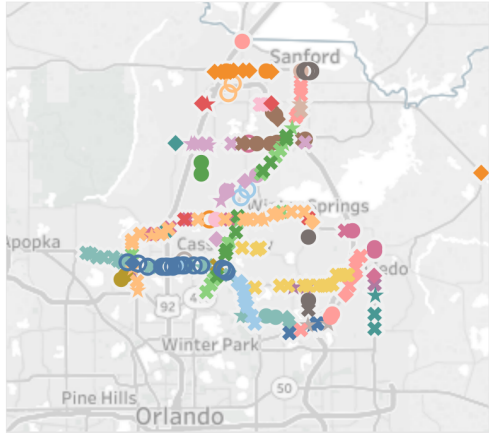


Single Hour Dashboard (Monday - 5/10/16)

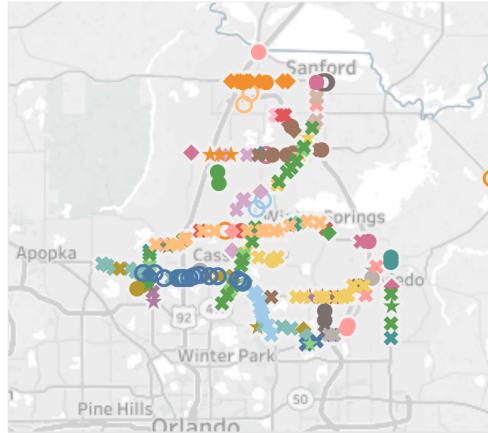


Multi-day Dashboard of Signal Performance

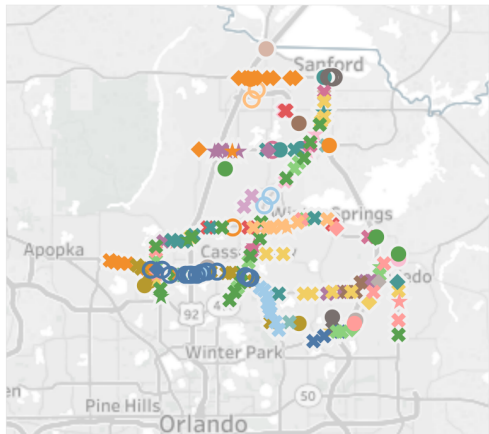
Monday 5/9/16



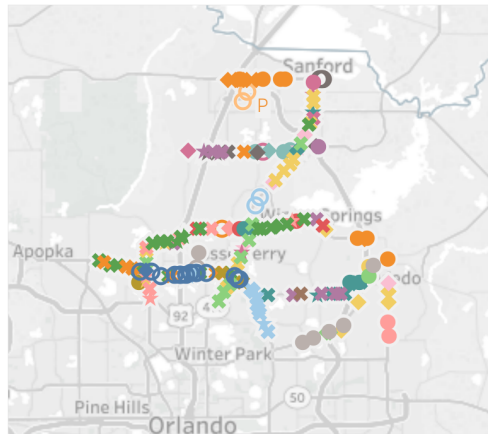
Tuesday 5/10/16



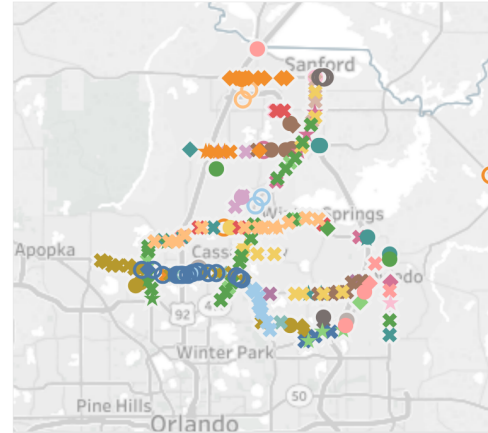
Friday 5/13/16



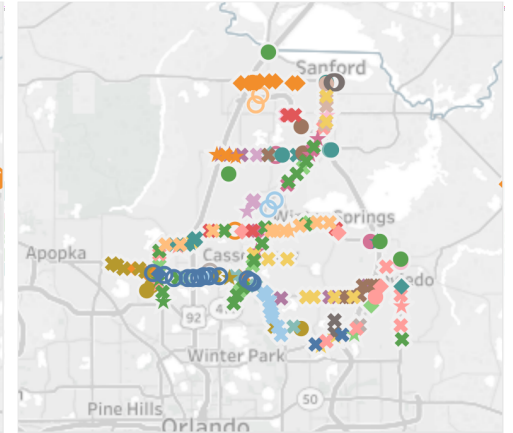
Saturday 5/14/16



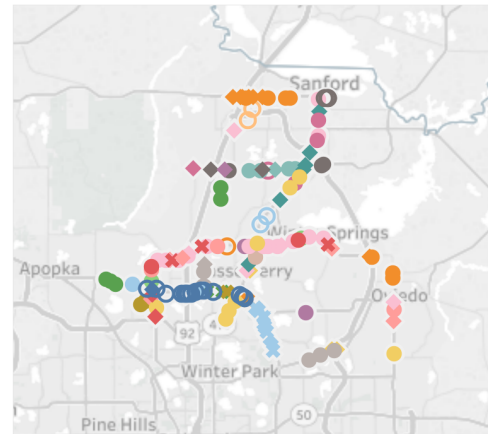
Wednesday 5/11/16



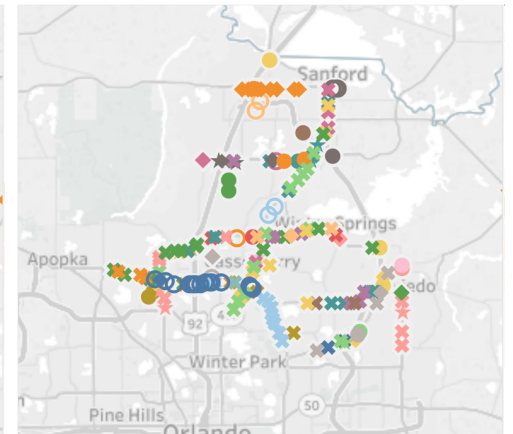
Thursday 5/12/16



Sunday 5/15/16



Monday 5/16/16



- Category**
- Detector Mappi..
 - Ok
 - ✖ Potential Capac..
 - ★ Potential Timin..

- Behaviour**
- 136, Road: SR436, Days: MTW, ID: 1_1
 - 98, Road: SR436, Days: MTU, ID: 6_2
 - 95, Road: SR46, Days: MTW, ID: 1_3
 - 71, Road: SR434, Days: MTW, ID: 5_1
 - 60, Road: SR434, Days: WFS, ID: 2_1
 - 58, Road: US17-92, Days: TWR, ID: 5_0
 - 40, Road: US17-92, Days: MFS, ID: 9_0
 - 35, Road: US17-92, Days: MSU, ID: 2_0
 - 35, Road: SR434, Days: WRF, ID: 9_2
 - 35, Road: RedBug, Days: MTW, ID: 5_9
 - 34, Road: SR434, Days: WRF, ID: 8_1
 - 32, Road: SR434, Days: RFS, ID: 11_1
 - 31, Road: SR436, Days: MTR, ID: 5_2
 - 28, Road: SR434, Days: MSU, ID: 6_1
 - 27, Road: US17-92, Days: WRS, ID: 11_..
 - 25, Road: SR426, Days: MTR, ID: 12_4
 - 24, Road: 1stSt, Days: MTW, ID: 1_27
 - 23, Road: SR426, Days: MTS, ID: 8_5
 - 23, Road: RedBug, Days: TWR, ID: 9_10
 - 21, Road: SR434, Days: MTR, ID: 12_1
 - 21, Road: SR434, Days: MRU, ID: 4_1
 - 21, Road: RedBug, Days: MFS, ID: 2_17
 - 20, Road: SR436, Days: MFS, ID: 2_2
 - 20, Road: CR427, Days: MTW, ID: 12_6
 - 19, Road: SR436, Days: MSU, ID: 11_2
 - 19, Road: LkMaryBlvd, Days: TWF, ID: ..
 - 19, Road: LkMaryBlvd, Days: MTW, ID: ..

Machine Learning for Detecting Incidents



Machine Learning and Optimization for Signal Control for an entire grid using ATSPM Data, TMC Data, Here.com data

Crash on Seminola Blvd - Signal 1

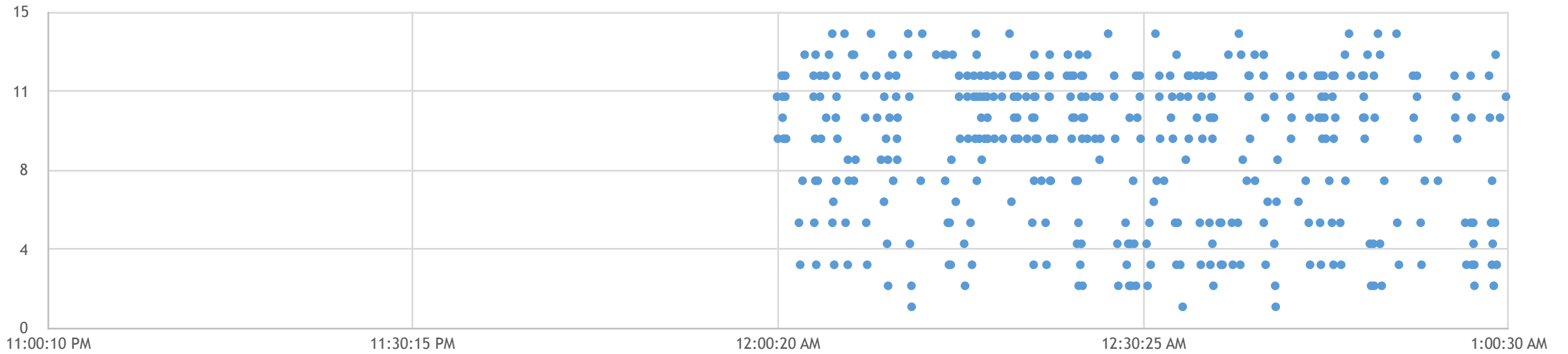


Two detector channels (11 and 12) located 330 feet from the stop-bar on the Eastbound lane

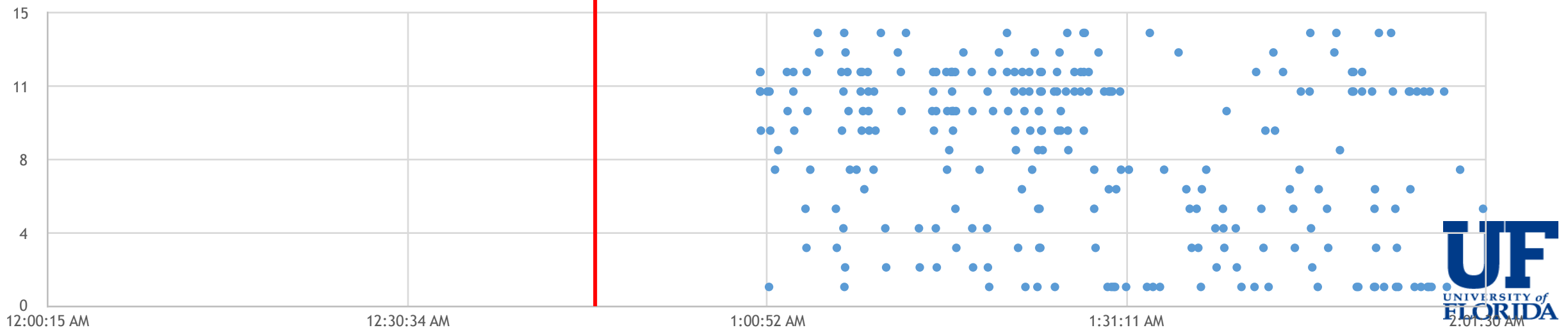
Two detector channels (4 and 5) located 330 feet from the stop-bar on the Westbound lane

The Signal is shown as a blue cross on the Right side

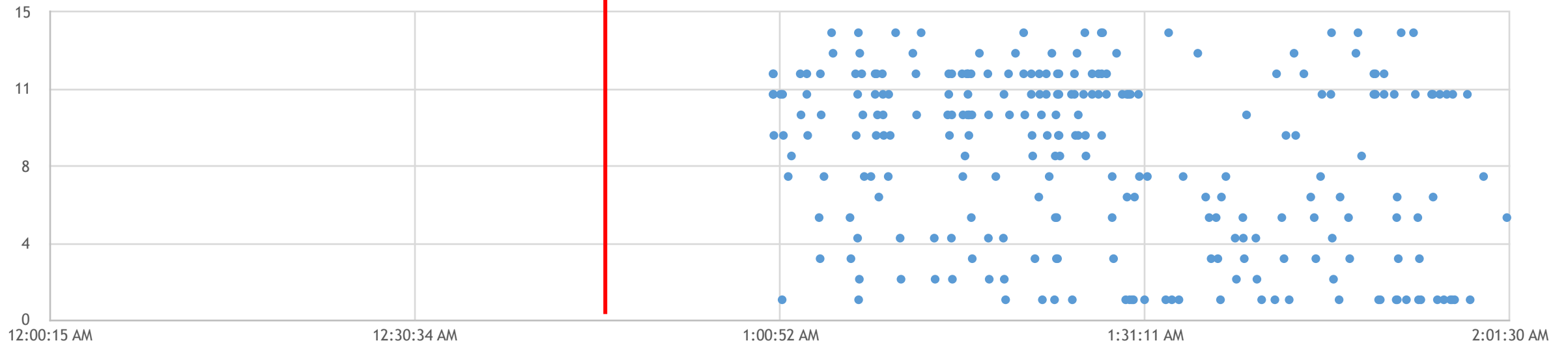
One Hour Before



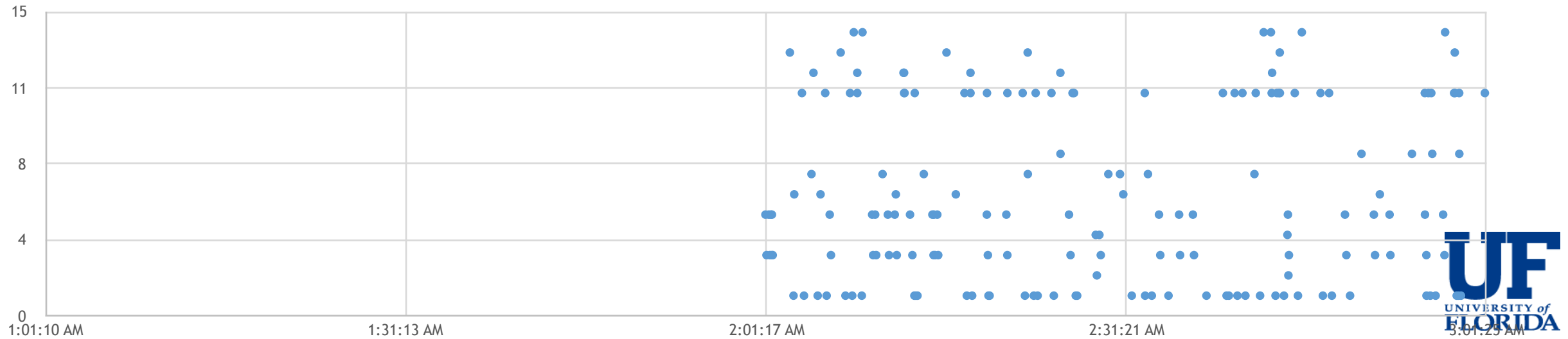
Accident at 1:22 AM



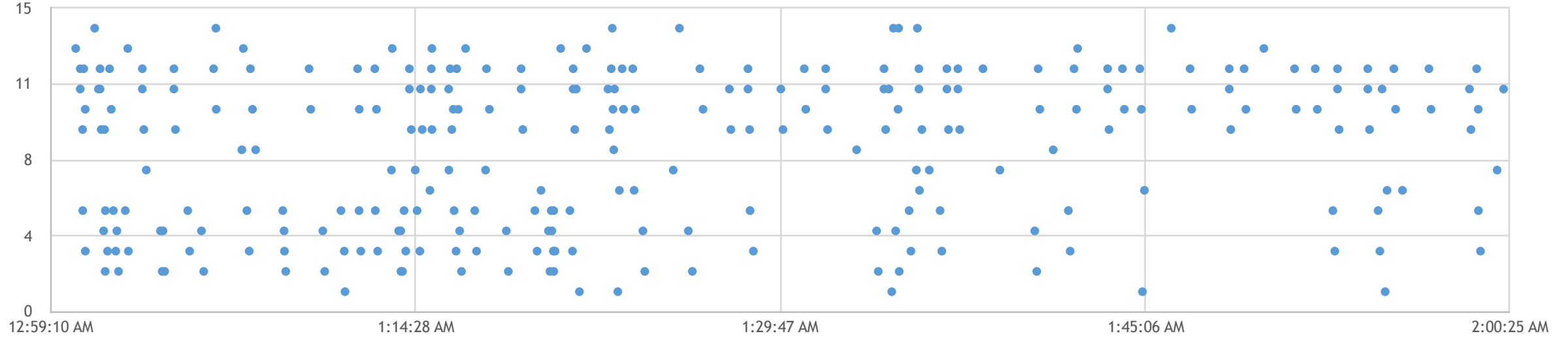
Accident at 1:22 AM



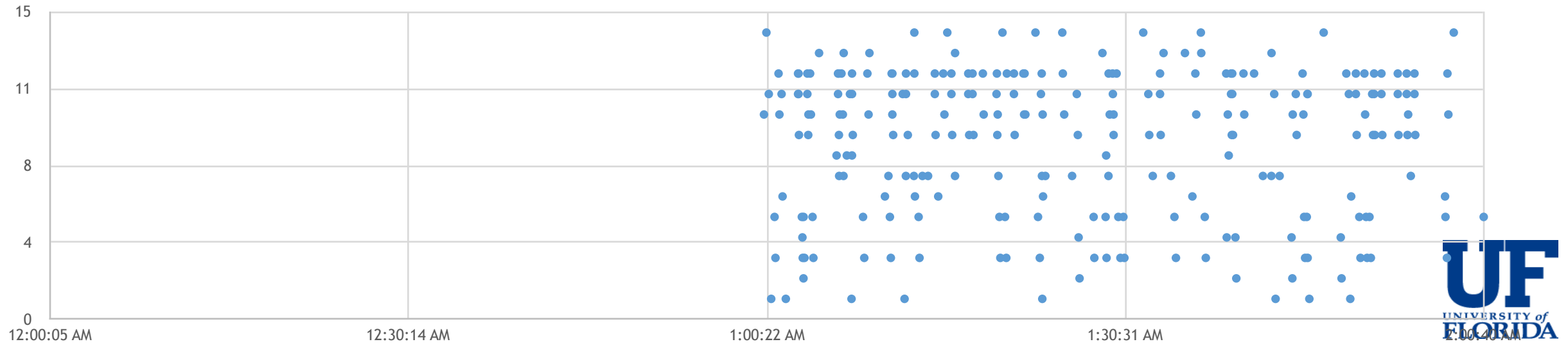
One Hour After



One Day Before



One Day After



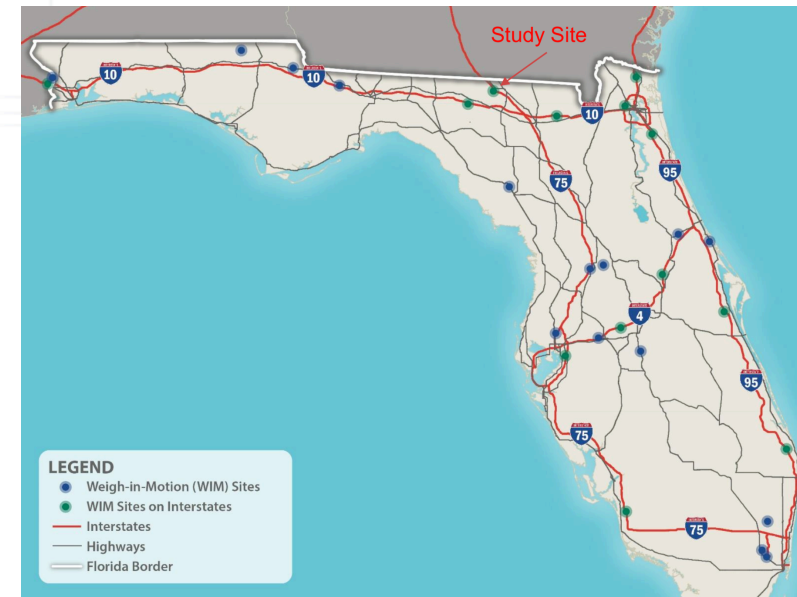
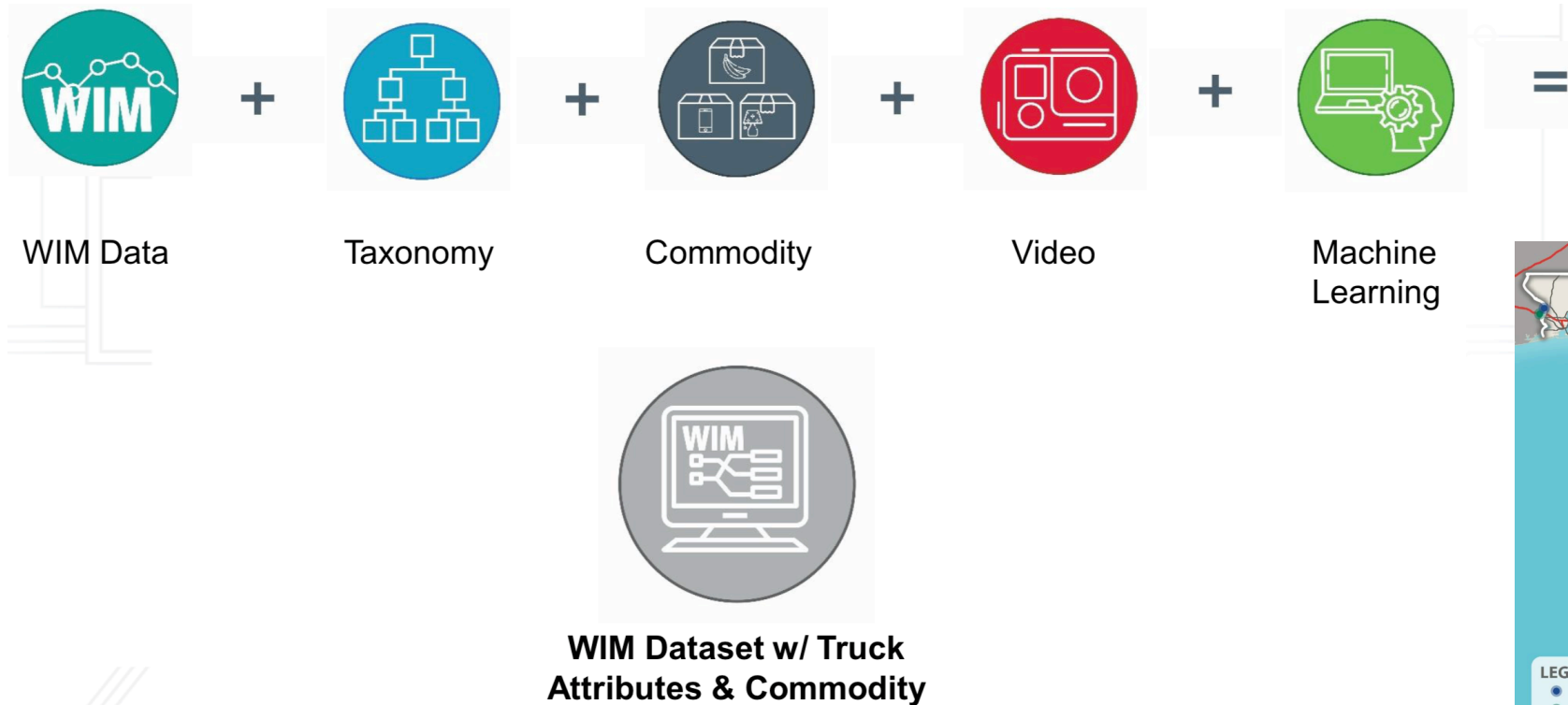
Optimizing Traffic for a Grid



Machine Learning and Optimization for Signal Control for an entire grid using ATSPM Data, TMC Data, Here.com data





Commodity Movement Using Machine Learning

- Intimate knowledge of WIM data + Roadside cameras
- Advanced knowledge of trucks/trailers + Concept of Truck Taxonomy
- Identify experts of Machine Learning and Application Development



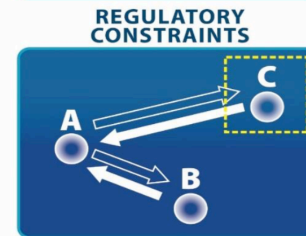
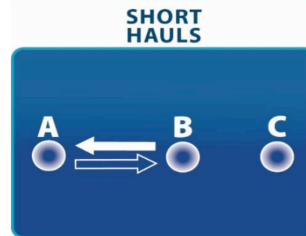
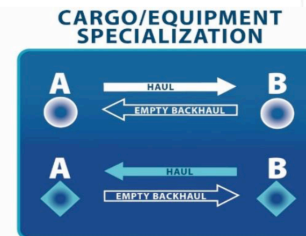
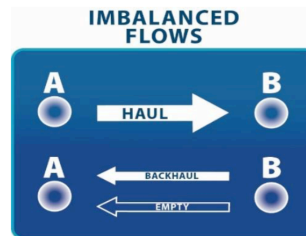
project conceptualization, credit to FDOT @ NaTMEC 2018

Truck and Commodity Classification Using Machine Learning

Configuration	Body type	Typical commodities	Typical industries
Five-axle tractor semitrailer, 3-S2  (59%)	Vans/reefers (63%) Flat decks (16%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Palletized cargo Refrigerated goods 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retail Produce
Six-axle tractor semitrailer, 3-S3  (19%)	Hoppers (6%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grain Granular fertilizer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agriculture
Nine-axle turnpike double, 3-S2-4  (8%)	Tankers (4%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Petroleum products Chemicals 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Petroleum Chemical
Eight-axle B-train double, 3-S3-S2  (7%)	Dumps (6%) Containers (2%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aggregate Grain Refuse Palletized cargo Freight of all kinds 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construction Agriculture Retail

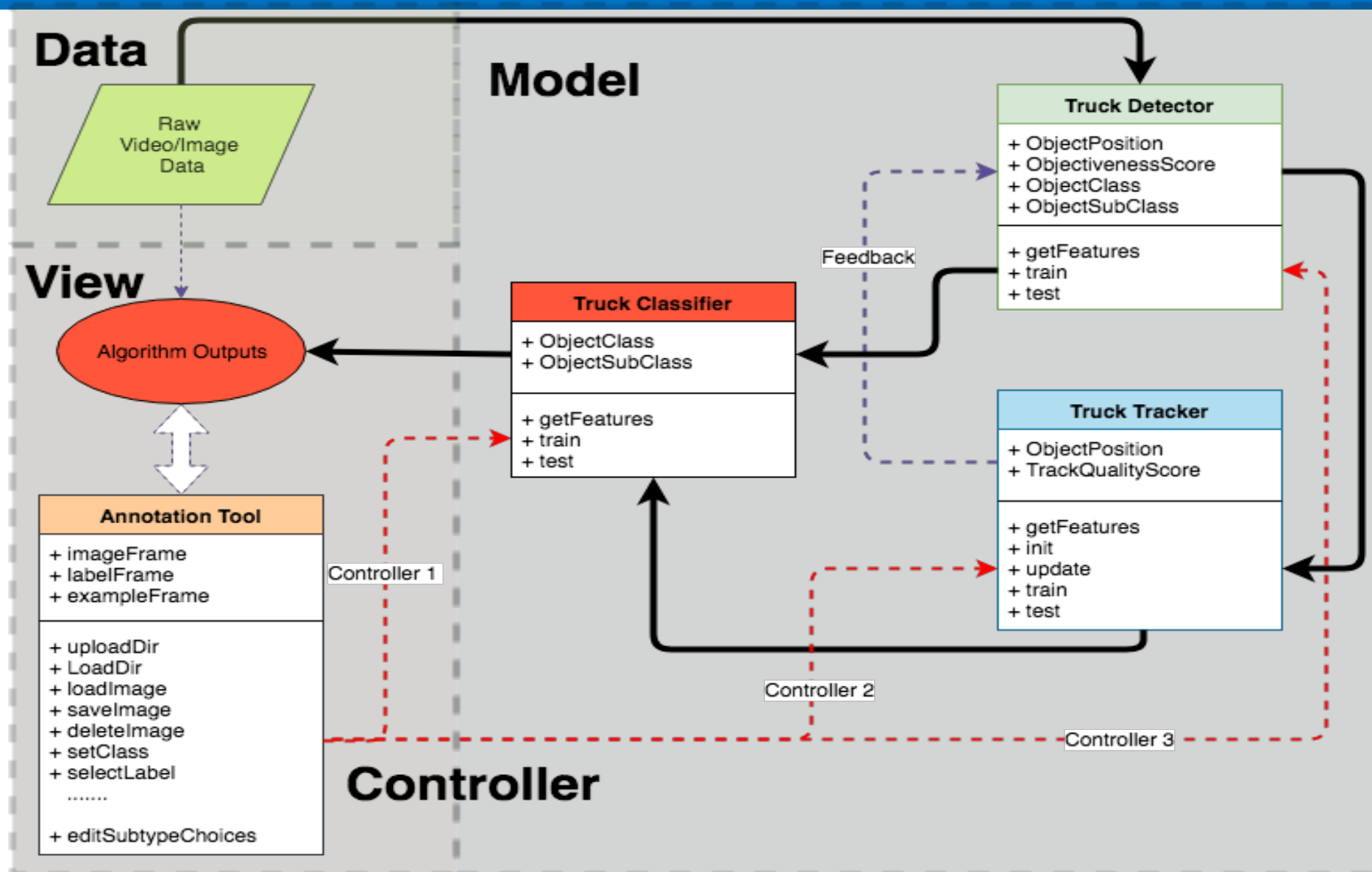


Machine Learning on Actuator Sensors and Video Images of Trucks passing on a highway
Text Recognition from Images



VIM sites
29 Total Statewide
13 on Interstates
Per Vehicle Records w/ Time Stamp
Study Site - '9956' on I-75 near FL/ GA border

Identification using Machine Learning



Annotation Tool


Truck Classification Tool

Label | Classify | Generate

Load Image Dir: 001 Load

Image Status: **Corrected**

2017-10-11 12:39:35



<< Prev Next >> 0055/14497 Go to Image No. 100 Go

Bounding boxes:
class ---> class9 tractor ---> Sleeper

Delete Delete All

Change Selected Label

Classes | Commodities

Class: class9

Tractor Type: Sleeper

Trailer Type: Enclosed

Trailer Subtype: NA

Hazmat Truck: Yes No Unknown


Refrigerant Unit: Yes No Unknown

Wide load: Yes No Unknown

Save Corrected Image

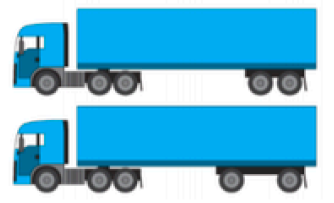
Delete Current Image

Selected Box



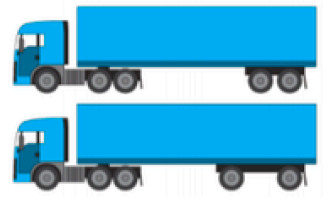
Label - Class

9. Single Trailer 5-Axle Trucks



Dropdown - Class

9. Single Trailer 5-Axle Trucks



Demo Video



Real-time Multi-Object Tracking and Near Accident Detection for Traffic Video Data

Object Detection

- Leverage deep learning based object detection
- Fine-tune Detection CNNs (YOLO) on Multi-Scale Drone/Satellite Videos/Images



Annotation example

Object Tracking

- Implement Real-Time Tracker for road users based on DeepSort (Tracking by Detections with Kalman Filter)



Tracking and trajectory example

Collision Detection

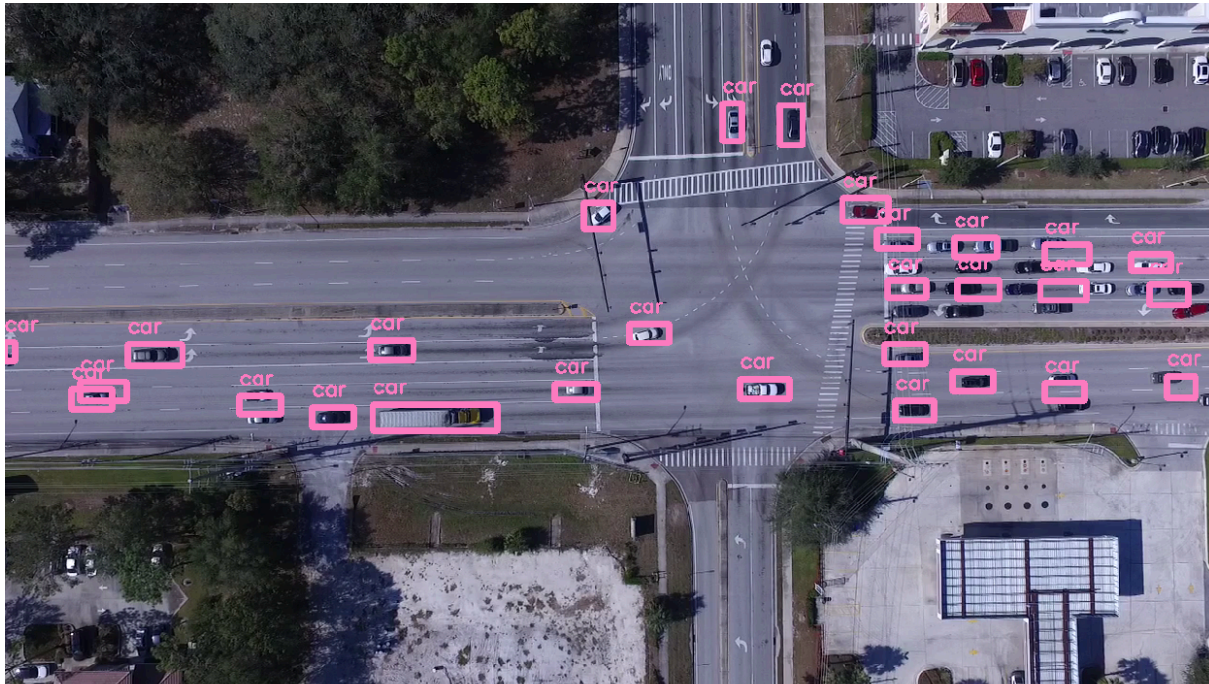
- Two-Stream: Learn collision probability using appearance model and trajectory model
- Identify collision locations and associated objects



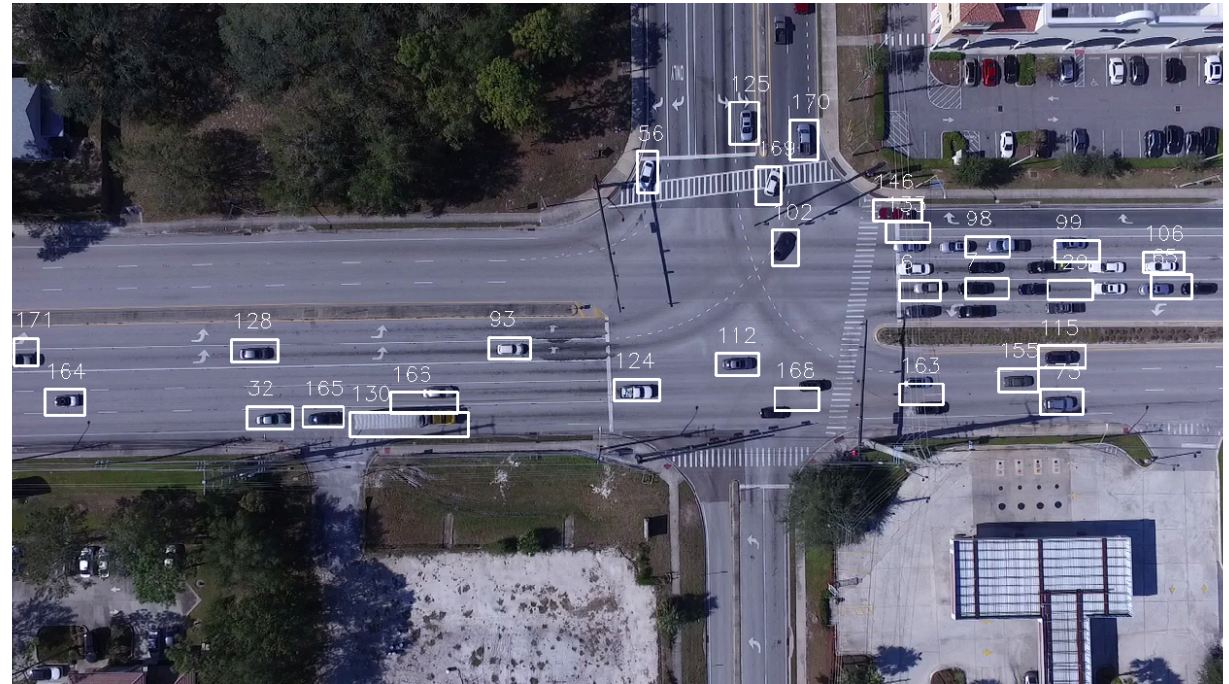
Car Detection and Near Collision Detection

Experimental Results on aerial video

Video 1: '400ft.mov'
Duration: 04:45 (24fps)
Resolution: 1280 x 720
Collision Scenario: None

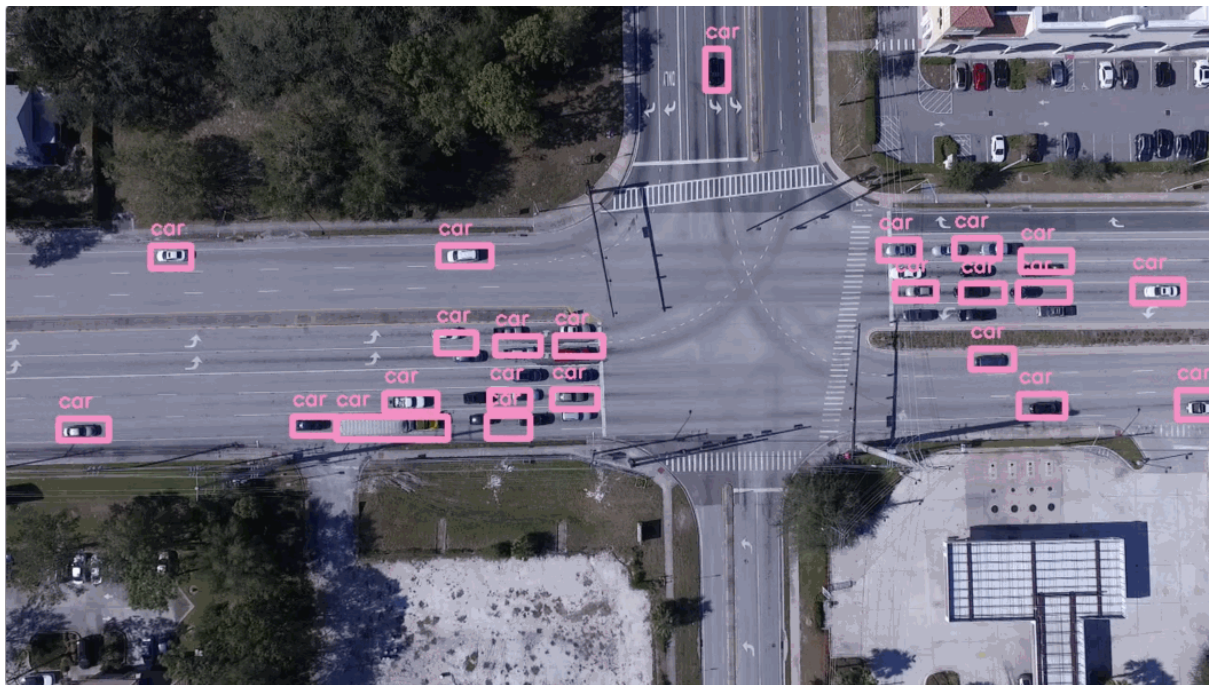


Car Detection Result



Car Tracking Result

Aerial Video (Real-time)



Result on real video

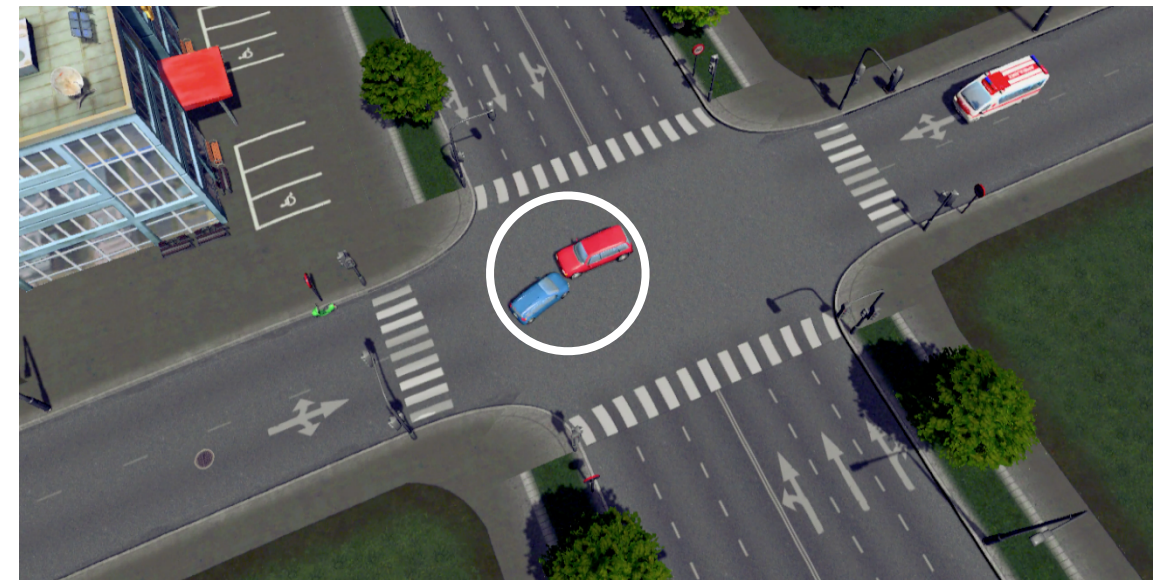
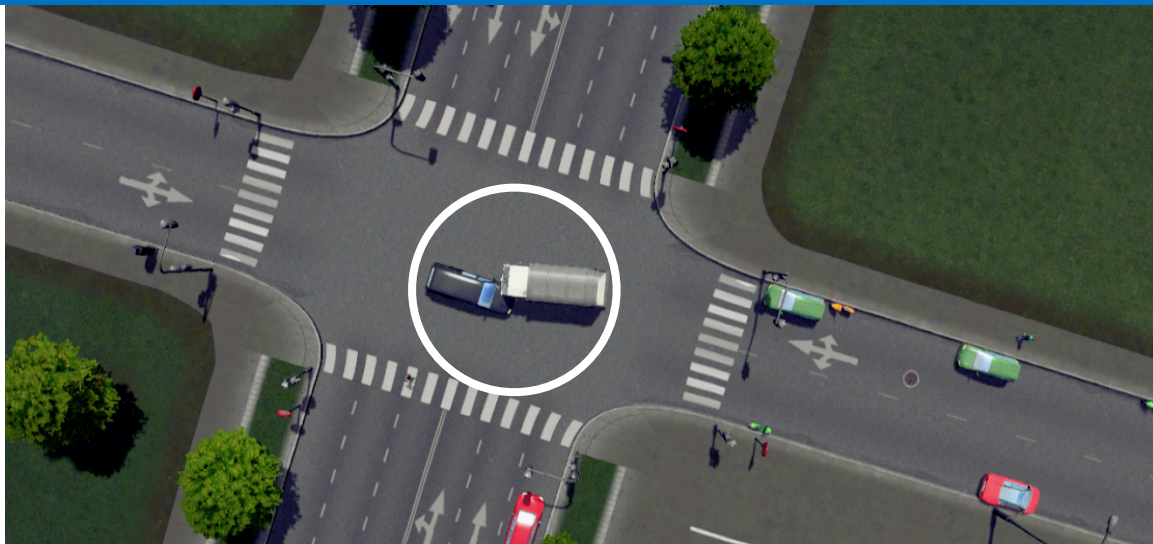
Video 1: '400ft.mov'
Duration: 04:45 (24fps)
Resolution: 1280 x 720
Collision Scenario: None



Result on video created by game simulation

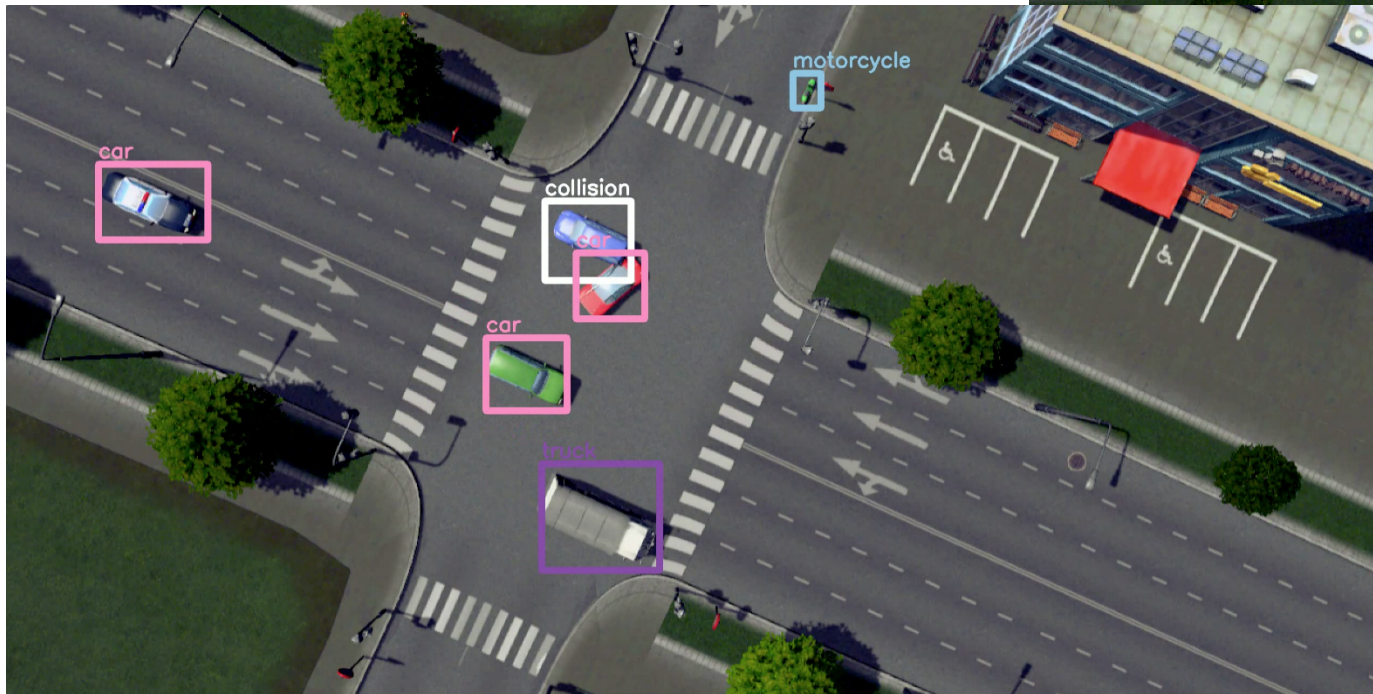
Video 2: 'Traffic_5.mp4'
Duration: 00:12 (25fps)
Resolution: 1280 x 720
Collision Scenario: ⌵ ?

Realistic Simulation: Differential Light Conditions



Realistic Simulation: Differential Vehicle Classes

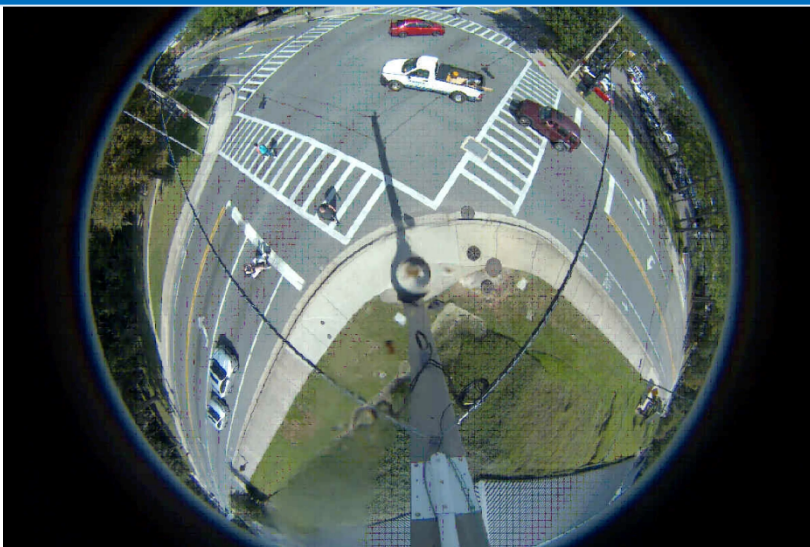
Motorcycle
Car
Truck
Bus



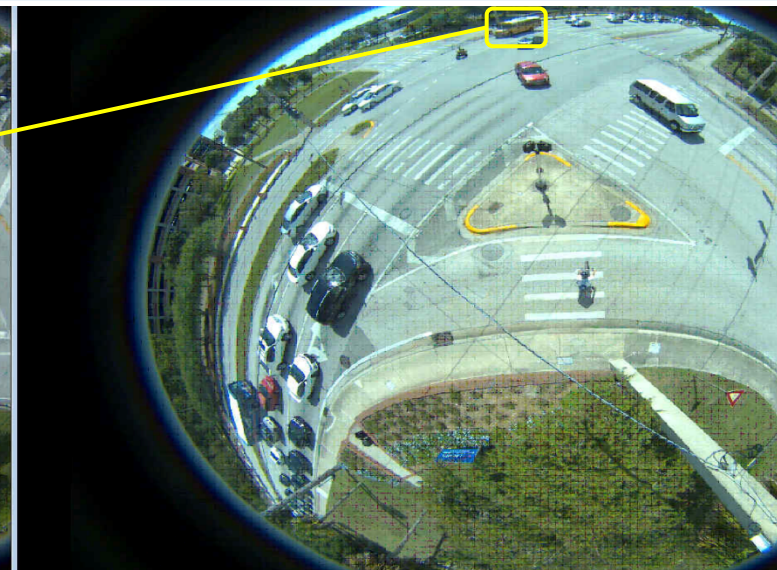
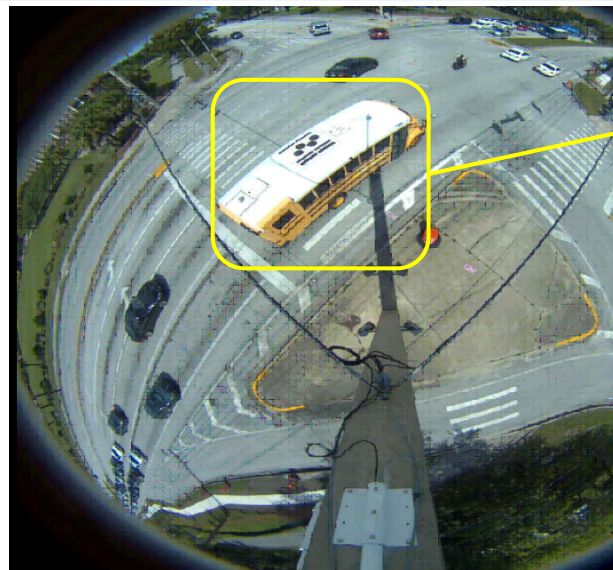
Real-Time Demo (Multiple Vehicle Types)



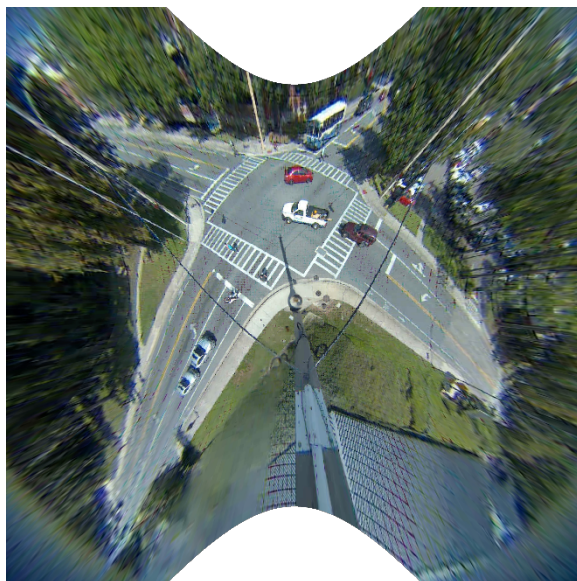
Image Transformation and Stitching



Original Fisheye Video



Multi-camera Video



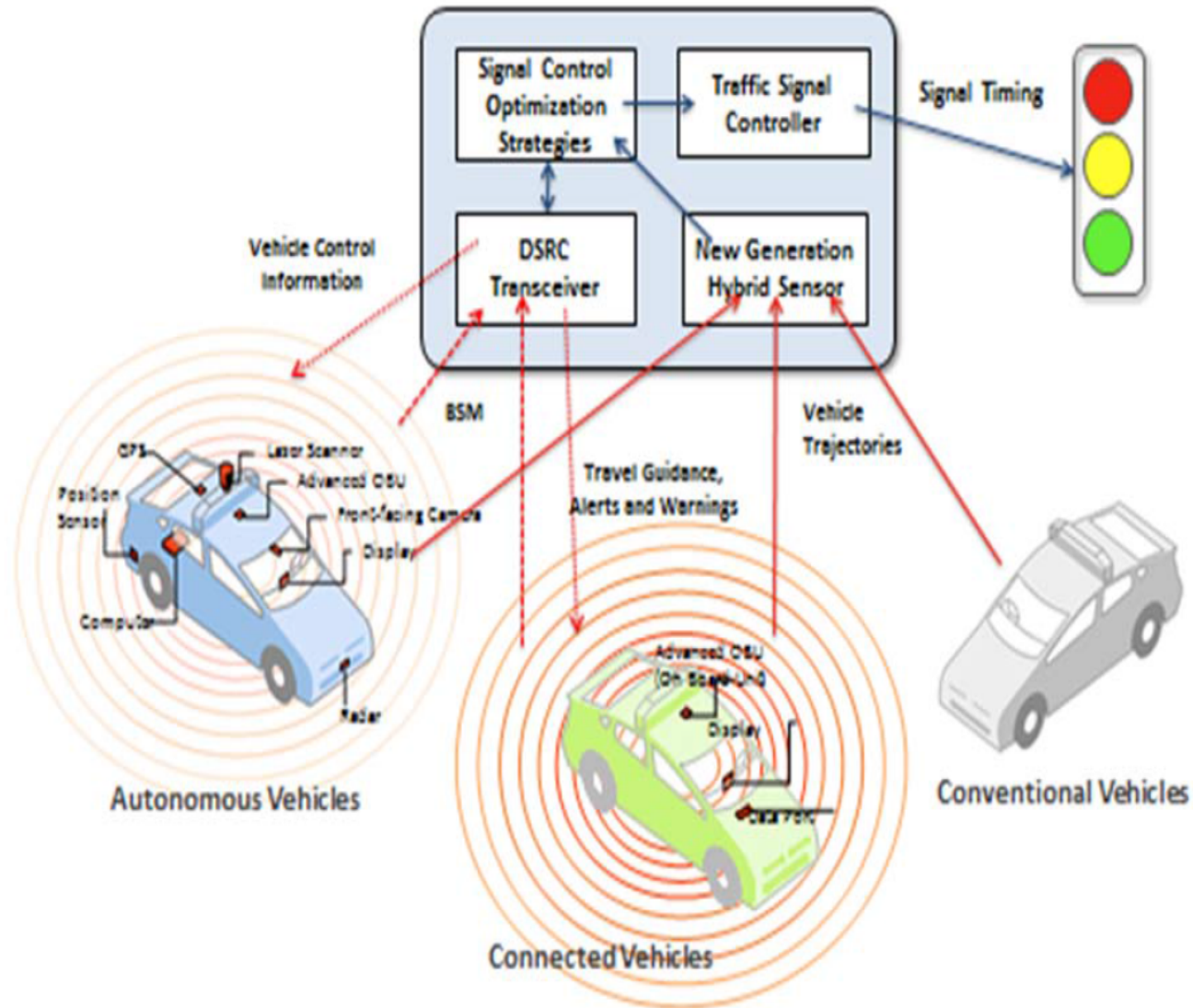
Lens Correction



Simulated Video

AVIAN: Autonomous and Connected Vehicles Intersection Controller (NSF CPS + FHWA+FDOT)

Intelligent Intersection Control System



Phase No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Lane(s)	1	4	2,5	2,3	5,6	3,6
Movements						

Problem Description

Given: the arrival information of automated vehicles and conventional vehicles

Goal: to optimize the average delay by advising automated vehicles and controlling signal phase and timing

Involves Sensing technologies

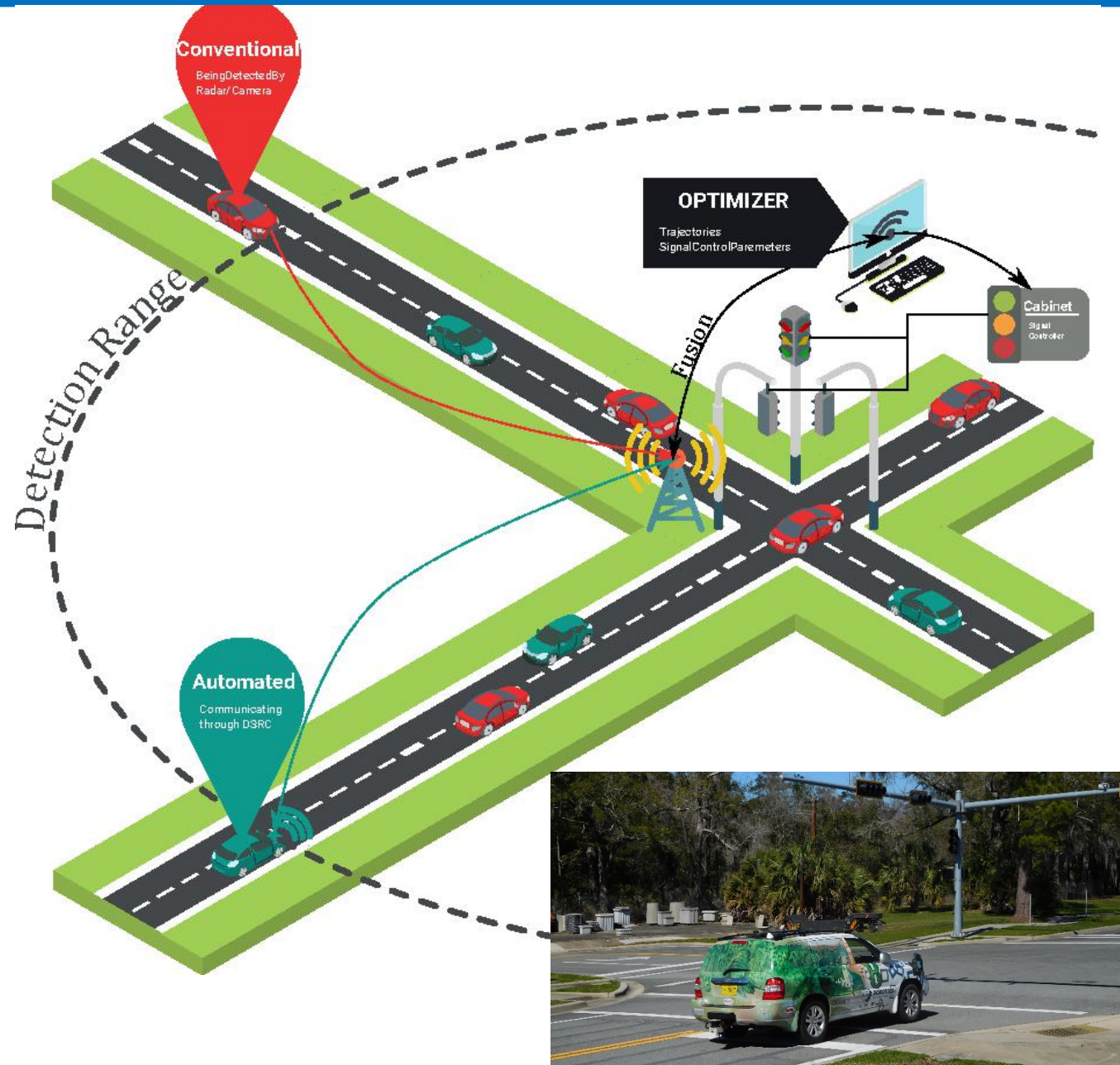
- Dedicated Short Range Communication
- Radar
- (Camera, Lidar)

Autonomous Vehicle Technology

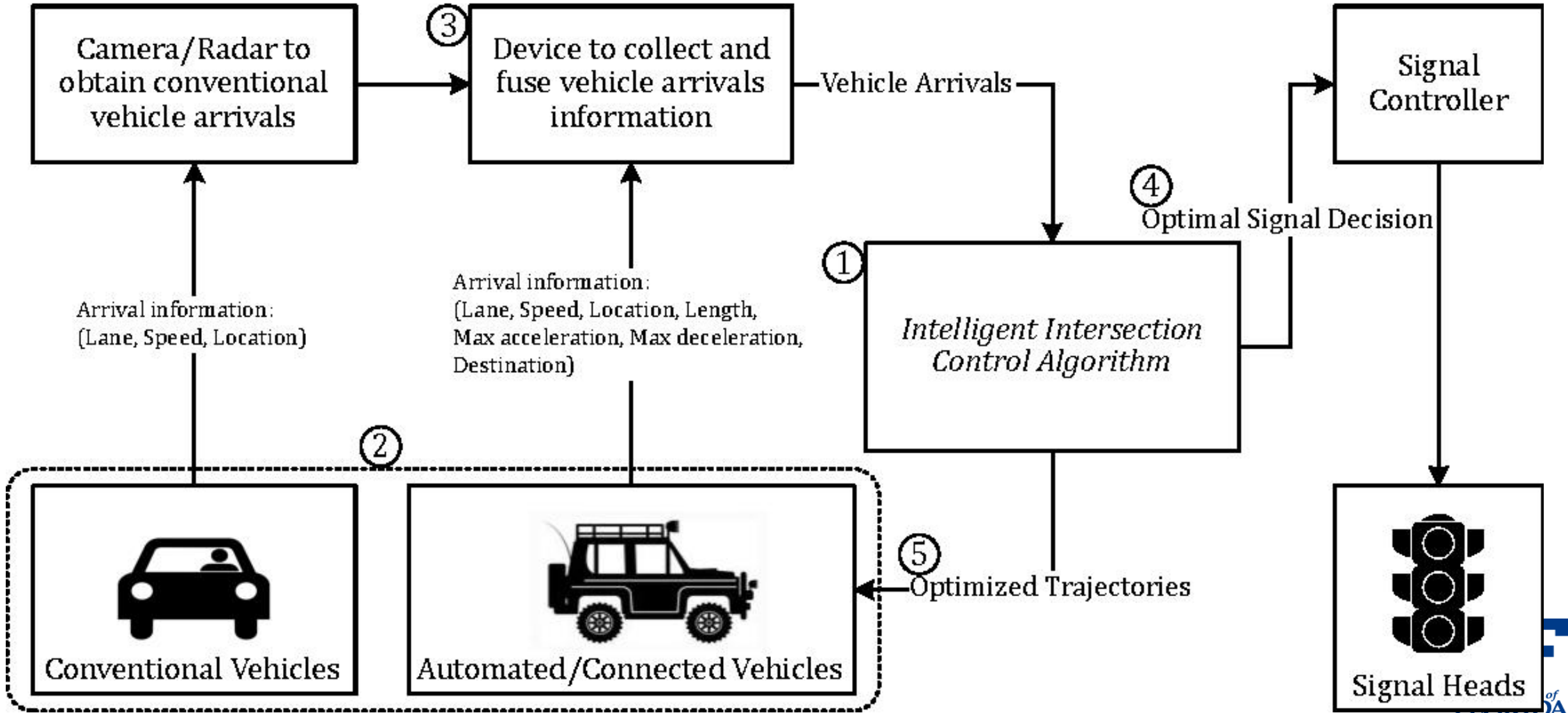
- Navigation and Localization algorithms

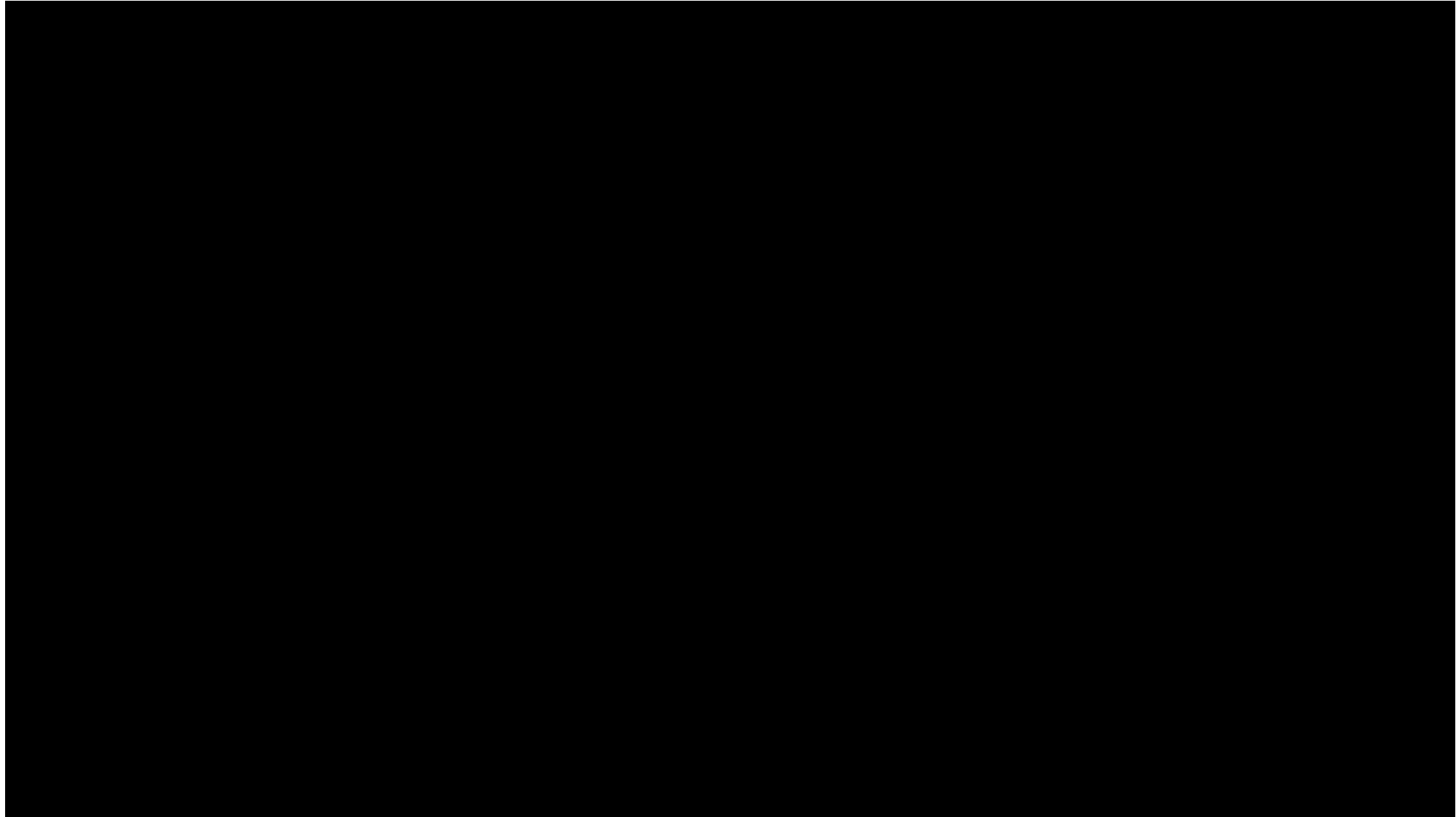
Optimization Algorithm

- Vehicle Path Optimizer
- Signal Status Optimizer

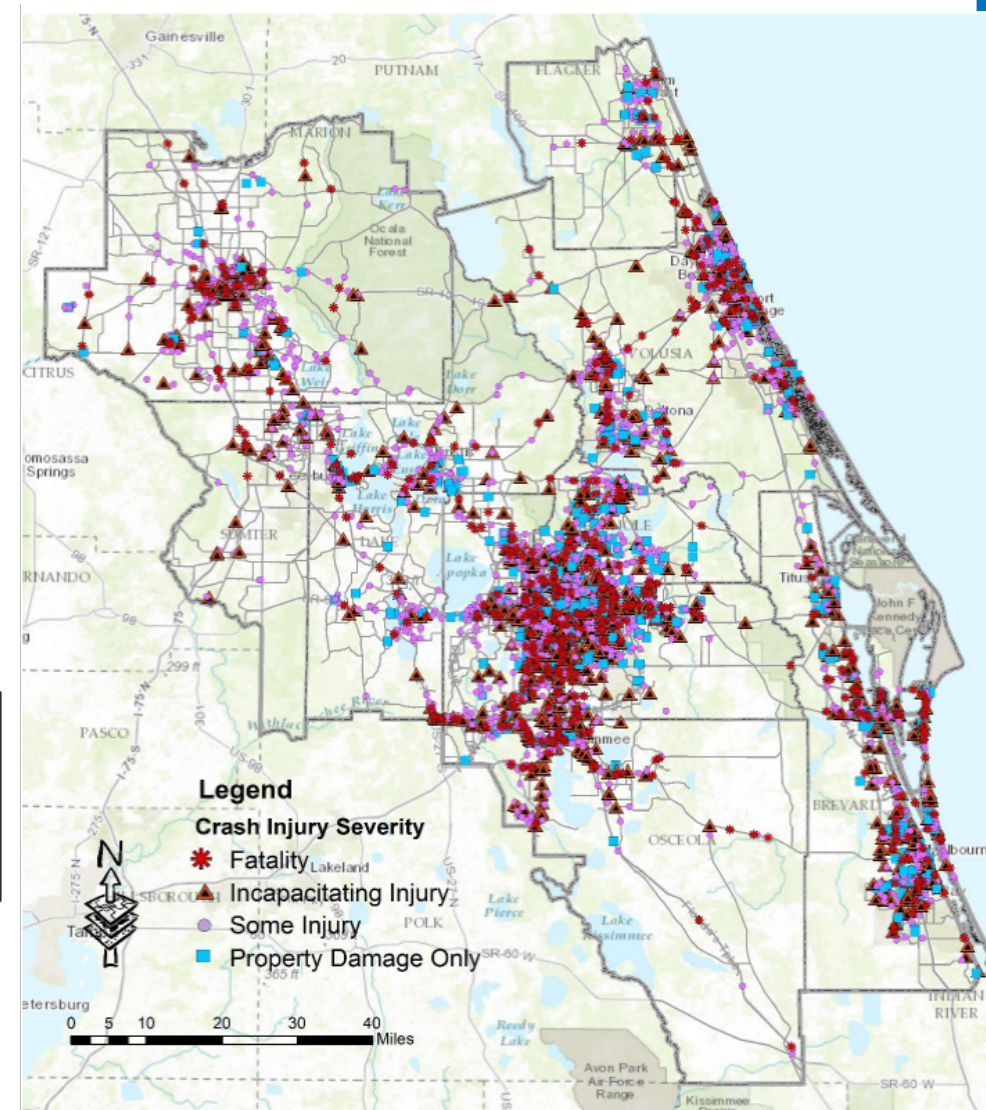
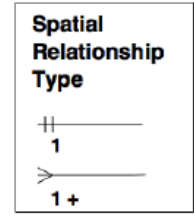
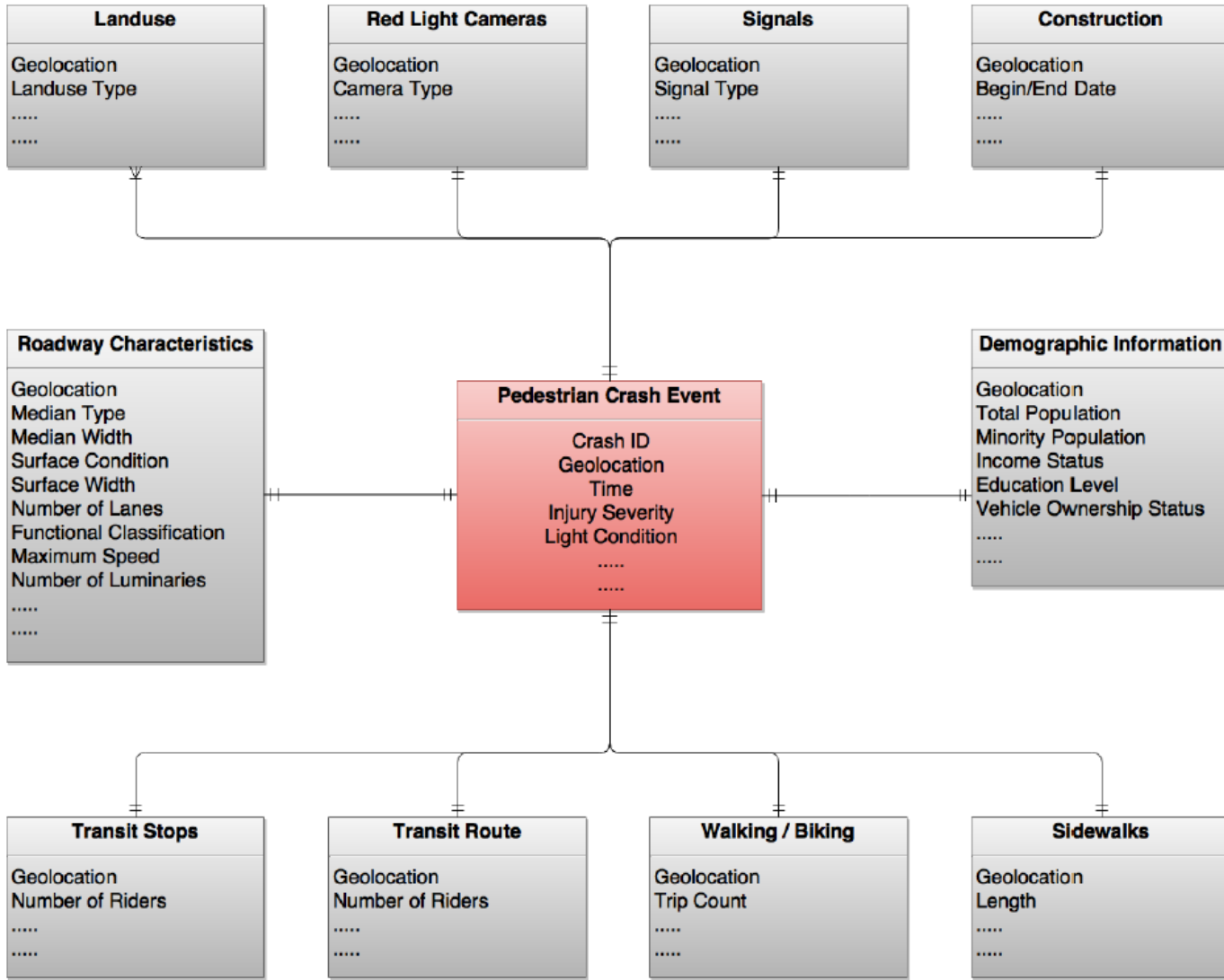


Intelligent Intersection Cyber Physical System





Bigdata: Predicting and preventing fatal crashes (FDOT D5)

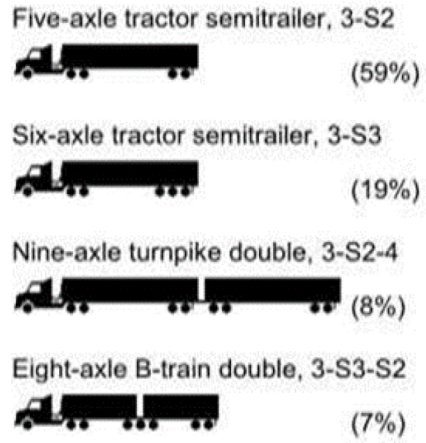


Accuracy of Different Approaches in predicting fatalities

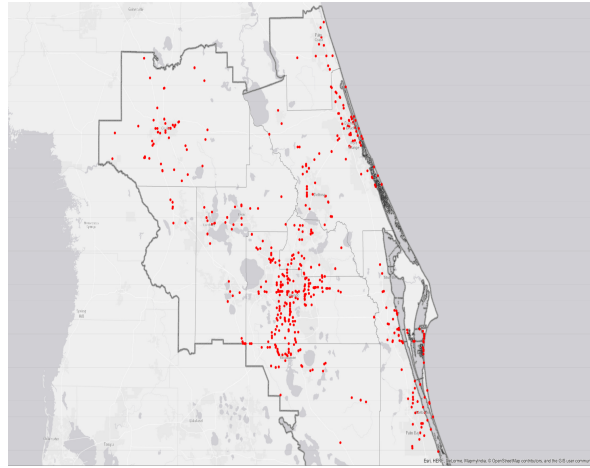
Accuracy Values	Logistic Regression	Decision Tree	DBN	GBM	SVM
Intersection	57%	88%	78%	91%	68%
Roadway segment	60%	77%	68%	86%	63%

Sensitivity Values	Logistic Regression	Decision Tree	DBN	GBM	SVM
Intersection	76%	18%	37%	10%	76%
Roadway	86%	43%	76%	20%	78%

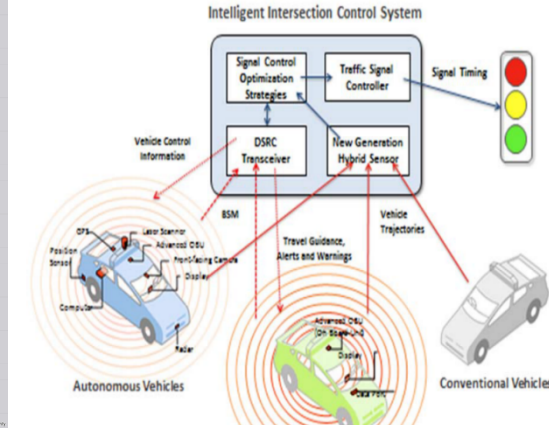
Conclusions



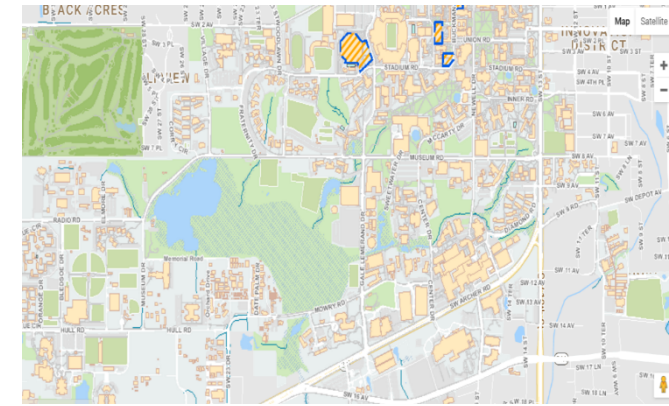
Truck Classification



Mining Pedestrian Fatalities



Optimizing for a Single Intersection



I-Street Testbed

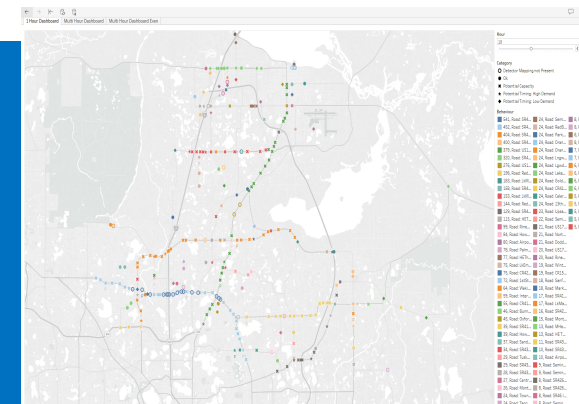


Incident Detection and Optimizing for a Transportation Grid

Significant Progress in Research Development and Transition to Practice

State-of-the-art Edge and Cloud Computing

Use of Machine Learning, Image Processing and High Performance Computing



Classifying and Clustering Signals

